

Formula Modification Test

1. How is su zi jiang qi tang (perilla descend the qi decoction) modified for concurrent exterior cold?
 - a Add zi su ye (folium perillae) and jing jie (herba seu flos schizonepegae)
 - b Add ma huang (herba ephedrae) and xing ren (semen pruni aremeniacaee)
 - c Add sang ye (folium mori albae) and ju hua (flos chrysanthemi)
 - d Add sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis) and xi xin (herba cum radix ascaris)

2. What would not be combined with ba zheng san (eight-herb powder for rectification) for urinary retention?
 - a Add fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
 - b Increase dosage of mu tong (caulis mutong), hua shi (talcum) and bian xu (herba polygoni avicularis)
 - c Add huang bai (cortex phellodendri)
 - d Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi)

3. Which herb would not be included in modifying gui pi tang (restore the spleen decoction) for very dark menstrual blood?
 - a Add mu dan (cortex moutan radices)
 - b Add hong hua (flos carthami tinctorii)
 - c Add long dan cao (radix gentianae)
 - d Add zhi zi (fructus gardeniae jaminoidis)

4. What would not be combined with du huo ji sheng tang for severe pain?
 - a Add bai hua she (bungarus multicinctus)
 - b Add di long (lumbricus)
 - c Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi)
 - d Add hong hua (flox carthami tinctorii)

5. How is qing hao bie jia tang modified when there is blazing fire from deficiency?
 - a Add mu dan pi (cortex moutan) and sheng di huang (radix rehmannia)
 - b Add bai wei (radix cynanchi baiwei) and di gu pi (cortex lycii radices)
 - c Add long dan cao (radix gentianae) and di gu pi (cortex lycii radices)
 - d Add mai men dong (tuber ophiopogonis japnici) and sheng di huang (radix rehmannia)

6. Which herb would not be included in modifying bei mu gua lou san when there is also a concurrent external condition?
 - a Add sang ye (mori albae)
 - b Add niu bang zi (fructus arctii lappae)
 - c Add xing ren (semen pruni aremniacaee)
 - d Add su zi (semen descurainiae)

7. Which of the following is not a modification for yin qiao san when there is epistaxis?
 - a Add zhi zi (fructus gardeniae jaminoidis)
 - b Add chi shao (radix rubrae paeoniae)
 - c Remove jing jie (herba seu flose schizonepetae)
 - d Remove dan dou chi (semen sojae praeparata)
 - e Add bai mao gen (rhizoma imperatae cylindricaee)

8. How is ban xia hou po tang (pinellia and magnolia decoction) modified for severe stifling chest sensations?
 - a Add yu jin (tuber curcumae) and zhi ke (fructus citri)
 - b Add xie bai (bulbus allii) and yu jin (tuber curcumae)
 - c Add sha ren (fructus amomi) and increase hou po (cortex magnoliae)
 - d Add gua lou (fructus trichosanthis) and sha ren (fructus amomi)

9. Which of the following is not a modification for ge gen tang when there is marked nasal congestion?

- a Add huang qin (radix scutellariae)
- b Add xin yi hua (flos magnoliae)
- c Add jie geng (radix platycodon grandiflori)
- d Add niu bang zi (fructum artii)
- e Add chuan xiong (radix ligustici chuanxiong)

10. Which herb would not be included in modifying wen dan tang when there is severe vertigo?

- a Add bai shao (radix paeoniae lactiflorae)
- b Add huang qin (radixscutellariae)
- c Add dai zhe shi (haematitum)
- d Add san qi (radix notoginseng)

11. How is da cheng qi tang (major order the qi decoction) modified when there is severe abdominal distension?

- a Add lai fu zi (semen raphani sativi)
- b Add da fu pi (pericarpium arecae)
- c Add qing pi (pericarpium viride citri)
- d Add shen qu (massa fermenta)

12. How is liu wei di huang wan (six-ingredient rehmannia pill) modified with severe fluid depletion and signs of heat?

- a Substitute bai he (bulbus lilli) for ze xie (rhizoma alismatis)**
- b Substitute tian men dong (tuber asparagus) for mu dan pi**
- c Substitute sheng di huang (radix rehmanniae glutinosae) for shu di huang**
- d Substitute zi hua di ding (radix viola) for shan zhu yu (fructus corni officinalis)**

13. How is ban xia bai zhu tian ma tang (pinellia, atractylodes, macrocephala, and gastrodia decoction) modified for severe headache?

- a Increase dosage of ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae)**
- b Add ge gen**
- c Add man jing zi (fructus viticis)**
- d Add sang bai pi**

14. How is wu zhu yu tang (evodia decoction) modified for severe morning sickness?

- a Add ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and sha ren (fructus amomi)
- b Add hou po (cortex magnolia) and increase sheng jiang
- c Add bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis and increase sheng jiang
- d Add cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis) and hou po (cortex magnolia)

15. How is chai ge jie ji tang (bupleurum and kudzu to release the muscle layer) modified when there are no chills or headache?

- a Remove shi gao (gypsum) and chai hu (radix bupleuri)
- b Remove huang qin (radix scutellariae baicalensis)
- c Remove qiang huo (rhizoma notopterygii) and bai zhi (radix angelicae dahuricae)
- d Remove ge gen (radix puerariae)

16. How is du huo ji sheng tang (angelica pubescens and sanjiseng decoction) modified when there is severe cold?

- a Add fu zi (radix lateralis aconiti carmichaeli praeparata) and gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis)
- b Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi cassiae) and gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis)
- c Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi) and hu jiao (fructus piperis)
- d Increase ren shen (radix ginseng) and add fu zi (radix lateralis aconiti carmichaeli praeparata)

17. How is xiao yao san (easy wanderer powder) modified for severe hypochondriac pain with distention?

- a Omit bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis) and add xiang fu (rhizoma cyperi rotundi)

- b Add xie bai (bulbus allii)
- c Omit bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)
- d Add xiang fu (rhizoma cyperi rotundi)

18. Which herb would not be included in modifying tao he cheng qi tang (prunus order the qi decoction) for concurrent stagnant qi?

- a qing pi (pericarpium citri)
- b wu yao (radix linderæ)
- c mu xiang (radix aucklandiæ)
- d xie bai (bulbus allii)

19. How is si ni san (frigid extremities powder) modified for abdominal pain?

- a Add gao liang jiang (rhizoma alpinia)
- b Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi)
- c Add gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis)
- d Add fu zi (radix lateralis aconiti)

20. How is ba zheng san (eight-herb powder for rectification) modified when there is cloudy and painful urination?

- a Add fu ling (sclerotium poriae) and Increase dosage of hua shi (talcum)
- b Add mu tong (caulis mutong) and hu po (succinum)
- c Add bei xie (rhizoma dioscoreae hypoglaucæ) and chang pu (rhizoma acori graminei)
- d Add bei xie (rhizoma dioscoreae hypoglaucæ) and increase dosage bian xu (herba polygoni)

21. Which herb would not be included in modifying zhi sou san (stop coughpowder) for chills and fever, headache and stuffy nose due to external wind-cold?

- a Add sheng jiang (rhizome zingiberis recens)
- b Add zi su ye (folium perillae)
- c Add bo he (herba mentha)
- d Add fang feng (radix ledebouriellae)

22. How is xue fu zhu yu tang (blood mansion eliminate stasis decoction) modified for headache?

- a Add di long (lumbricus) and jiang can (bombyx)
- b Increase chuan xiong (radix ligustici) and add qiang huo (radix notopterigii)
- c Add man jing zi (fructus viticis) and bai ji li (fructus tribuli terrestris)
- d Add gou teng and ju hua (flos chrysnathemi)

23. How is yin qiao san (honeysuckle and forsythia powder) modified when coughing is pronounced?

- a Add xing ren (semen pruni armeniaca)
- b Add sang ye (folium mori)
- c Increase jing jie (herba seu flos schizonepetae tenuifoliae)
- d Increase jie geng (radix platycodi grandiflori)

24. How is da jian zhong tang (major strengthen the middle decoction) modified for numb hands and feet?

- a Add tao ren (semen persica)
- b Add sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis recens)
- c Add gui zhi (ramulus cinnamomi)
- d Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi cassiae)

25. Which herb would not be included in modifying si ni san (frigid extremities powder) for stagnant food with abdominal pain?

- a Add sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis)
- b Add ji nei jin (Endothelium cornu gigeria galli)
- c Add shan zha (fructus crataegi)

d Add mai ya (fructus hordie vulgaris germinantus)

26. How is wen jing tang (warm the menses decoction) modified for infertility due to deficient blood and cold?

- a Increase ren shen (radix ginseng) and ba ji tian (radix morinda)
- b Add yin yang huo (herba epimedii), gou qi zi (fructus lycii) and wu wei zi (fructus schisandrae chinensis)
- c Add du zhong (cortex eucommiae) and lu rong (croun ceri parvum)
- d Add qing pi (pericarpium citri viride) and xiang fu (rhizoma cyperi rotundi)

27. How is su zi jiang qi tang (perilla descend the qi decoction) modified for deficient qi?

- a Add dang shen (radix codonopsis) and wu wei zi (fructus schisandrae)
- b Add shan yao (radix dioscorae) and wu wei zi (fructus schisandrae chinensis)
- c Add wu yao (radix linderae) and wu zhu yu (fructus evodiae)
- d Add shan yao (radix dioscorea) and bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)

28. How is wu zhu yu tang (evodia decoction) modified for palpitations and insomnia?

- a Add fu shen (cortex cocos poria) and suan zao ren (ziziphus)
- b Add suan zao ren (ziziphus)
- c Add wu wei zi (fructus schisandrae) and increase da zao (fructus zizyphi)
- d Add dang gui (radix angelicae sinensis) and fu ling (sclerotium poriae)

29. How is da cheng qi tang (major order the qi decoction) modified when there are signs of stagnant blood?

- a Add gou qi zi (fructus lycii) and hong hua (flos carthami)
- b Add sang shen (fructus mori albae) and e zhu (rhizoma curcumae ezhu)
- c Add dang gui (radix angelicae) and e jiao (gelatinum)
- d Add tao ren (semen persica) and chi shao (radix paeonia rubrae)

30. How is ding chuan tang (stop wheezing decoction) modified for severe stifling chest sensations?

- a Add xie bai (bulbus allii) and gua lou (fructus trichosanthis)
- b Add cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis) and wu yao (radix linderae)
- c Add yu jin (tuber curcumae) and zhi ke (fructus citri)
- d Add zhi shi (fructus immaturus citri) and hou po (cortex magnoliae officinalis)

31. How is li zhong wan (regulate the middle pill) modified for severe vomiting?

- a Add sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis)
- b Add zhu ru (caulis bambusae)
- c Add ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae)
- d Add shan zha (fructus crataegi)

32. How is gui zhi fu ling wan (cinnamomum and poria pill) modified for severe stagnant blood?

- a Increase tao ren (semen persicae)
- b Add da huang
- c Increase shao yao (radix paeoniae)
- d Omit fu ling

33. How is gui pi tang (restore the spleen decoction) modified for painful menses with blood clots?

- a Add sheng di huang (radix rehmanniae glutinosae)
- b Add dan shen (radix salviae miltiorhizae)
- c Add yu jin (tuber curcumae) and xiang fu (rhizoma cyperi)
- d Add tao ren (semen persica) and qiang huo (radix et rhizoma notopterygii)

34. Which herb would not be included in modifying xiao yao san (easy wanderer powder) for strong fixed pain due to stagnant blood?

- a Add yu jin (tuber curcumae)

- b Add mu dan pi (cortex moutan radice)
- c Add cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)
- d Add san leng (rhizoma sparganii stoloniferi)

35. How is liu wei di huang wan (six-ingredient rehmannia pill) modified for wasting and thirsting disorders?

- a Omit ze xie (rhizoma alismatis) and fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
- b Omit shan yao (radix dioscoreae) and fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
- c Omit shu di huang (radix rehmanniae glutinosae) and shan zhu yu (fructus corni officinalis)
- d Omit ze xie (rhizoma alismatis orientalis) and add tian hua fen (radix trichosanthis kirilowii)

36. Which herb would not be included in modifying ju pi zhu ru tang (citrus phyllostachys decoction) for deficient Yin with thirst, red tongue with little moss, and thin-fast pulse?

- a Add shi hu (herba dendrobii)
- b Add sha shen (radix glehniae)
- c Add lu gen (rhizoma phragmitis communis)
- d Add mai men dong (tuber ophopogonis japonici)

37. How is huo xiang zheng qi san (agastache powder to rectify the qi) modified when there is scanty urination?

- a Increase fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos) and hou po (cortex magnoliae)
- b Add zhi zi (fructus gardeniae) and che qian zi (semen plantaginis)
- c Add hua shi (talcum) and increase dosage of fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
- d Add mu tong (caulis mutong) and ze xie (rhizoma alismatis orientalis)

38. How is wu zhu yu tang (evodia decoction) modified for severe epigastric pain?

- a Add dan shen (radix salviae) and mu xiang (radix Aucklandiae lappae)
- b Add pu huang (pollen typhae) and increase da zao (fructus zizyphi)
- c Increase sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis recens)
- d Add yan hu suo (rhizoma corydalis yanhusuo) and hou po (cortex magnolia)

39. Which herb would not be included in modifying da jian zhong tang (major strengthen the middle decoction) to increase its pain relieving action?

- a Add wu yao (radix linderiae)
- b Add dan shen (radix salviae miltiorrhizae)
- c Add yan hu suo (rhizoma corydalis yanhusuo)
- d Add mu xiang (radix Aucklandiae lappae)

40. Which herb would not be included in modifying gui pi tang (restore the spleen decoction) for numbness in the lower back and lower extremities?

- a Add wei ling xian (radix clematidis)
- b Add niu xi (radix achyranthis bidentatae)
- c Add qiang huo (radix et rhizoma notopterygii)
- d Add du huo (radix angelicae pubescentis)

41. How is su zi jiang qi tang (perilla descend the qi decoction) modified for more sputum and coughing?

- a Omit dang gui (radix angelicae sinensis)
- b Add chen pi (pericarpium citri)
- c Add sang bai pi (cortex mori alba)
- d Add xing ren (semen armeniaca)

42. How is sang ju yin (mulberry leaf and chrysanthemum) modified when there is wheezing?

- a Add mai men dong (tuber ophopogonis japonici) and wu wei zi (fructus schisandrae)
- b Add shi gao (gypsum) and zhi mu (radix anemarrhenae asphodeloidis)
- c Increase xing ren (semen pruni armeniaca) and add ma huang (herba ephedrae)
- d Add ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and xuan fu hua (flos inulae)

43. How is wu zhu yu tang (evodia decoction) modified for severe headache?

- a Add tao ren (semen persica) and sang shen (fructus mori)
- b Add chuan xiong (radix ligustici) and dang gui (radix agnelicae sinensis)
- c Add tao ren (semen persica) and chi shao (radix paeoniae rubra)
- d Add long dan cao (radix gentianae) and chi shao (radix paeoniae rubra)

44. How is jin gui shen qi wan (golden cabinet kidney qi pill) modified for night urination?

- a Add hai pia xiao (os sepiae)
- b Add lu rong (cornu cervi parvum)
- c Add wu wei zi (fructus shisandrae chinensis)
- d Add jin yin zi (frucus rosae)

45. Which herb would not be included in modifying ma xing shi gan tang (ephedra, apricot kernel, gypsum, and licorice decoction) for severe heat?

- a Add huang bai (cortex phellodendrum)
- b Add huang qin (radix scutellariae)
- c Add yu xing cao (herba cum radice houtuyniae cordatae)
- d Add jin yin hua (flos lonicerae japonicae)
- e Add lian qiao (fructus forsythiae suspensae)

46. How is yin qiao san (honeysuckle and forsythia powder) modified when there is severe sore throat?

- a Add ma bo (fructificatio lasiosphaerae seu calvatiae) and xuan shen
- b Add ju hua (flos chrysanthemi) and ge gen (radix puerariae)
- c Increase lian qiao (fructus forsythiae suspensae) and add jin yin hua (flos lonicerae japonicae)
- d Add she gan (rhizoma bellamcadae) and huang qin (radix scutellariae)

47. Which herb would not be included in modifying bei mu gua lou san (fritillaria and trichosanthis powder) when there is severe cough and wheezing?

- a Add xing ren (semen pruni aremniacae)
- b Add kuan dong hua (flos tussilaginis farfarae)
- c Add sang ye (follium mori)
- d Add pi pa ye (folium eriobotryae japonicae)

48. How is da jian zhong tang (major strengthen the middle decoction) modified for nausea?

- a Add bai dou kou (fructus amomi kravanh) and huo xiang (herba agastaches)
- b Increase gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis)
- c Add bai zhu (rhizom atractylodis) and jie geng (radix patycodi)
- d Add ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis recens)

49. How is er chen tang (two aged decoction) modified for vomiting clear fluids?

- a Increase dosage of fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos) and ban xia
- b Add cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis) and bai zhu
- c Increase dosage of fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos) and zhi gan cao (radix glycyrrhizae)
- d Substitute ju hong (pericarpium citri erythrocarpae) with chen pi

50. What would not be added to ma xing shi gan tang (ephedra, apricot kernel, gypsum, and licorice decoction) for chills with no sweating?

- a Add xin yi hua (flos magnoliae liliflorae)
- b Add bo he (herba menthae)
- c Add dan dou chi (semen sojae praeparata)
- d Add jing jie (herba seu flos schizonepetae tenuifoliae)

51. How is du huo ji sheng tang (angelica pubescens and sanjiseng decoction)

modified when there is severe dampness?

- a Add qu mai (herba dianthi) and che qian zi (semen plantaginis)
- b Add yi yi ren (semen coicis) and cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)
- c Add fu ling (sclerotium poriae) and hua shi (talcum)
- d Add guang fang ji (radix aristolochiae fangchi) and cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)

52. How is ban xia hou po tang (pinellia and magnolia decoction) modified for abdominal distention?

- a Add sha ren (fructus amomi) and mu xiang (radix aucklandiae)
- b Add hou po (cortex magnoliae) and yu jin (tuber curcuma)
- c Increase fu ling (sclerotium poriae) and hou po (cortex magnoliae)
- d Add chen pi (pericarpium citri reticulatae) and bai dou kou (fructus amomi kravanh)

53. How is gui pi tang (restore the spleen decoction) modified for numbness in the upper extremities?

- a Add niu xi (radix achyranthis bidentatae) and du huo (radix angelica pubescentis)
- b Add du huo (radix angelicae pubescentis) and dang gui (radix angelicae sinensis)
- c Add hei zhi ma (semen sesami indici) and dang gui (radix angelicae sinensis)
- d Add qiang huo (radix et rhizoma notopterygii) and chuan xiong (radix ligustici chuanxiong)

54. Which of the following modifications would you not use for wen jing tang (warm the menses decoction) when there is persistent bleeding after miscarriage?

- a Add niu xi (radix achyranthis bidentatae)
- b Add yi mu cao (herba leonuri heterophylli)
- c Omit gan cao (radix glycyrrhizae)
- d Add dan shen (radix salviae miltiorrhizae)
- e Increase e jiao (gelatinum corri asini)

55. How is li zhong wan (regulate the middle pill) modified for palpitations?

- a Add ze xie (rhizoma alismatis)
- b Add fu shen (cortex poria cocos)
- c Add fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos)
- d Add yi yi ren (coix lachryma)

56. How is chai ge jie ji tang (bupleurum and kudzu to release the muscle layer) modified when there is coughing with thick phlegm?

- a Add ban xia (rhizoma pinellia) and increase qiang huo (rhizoma notopterygii)
- b Add gua lou pi (pericarpium trichosanthis) and zhe bei mu (bulbus fritillariae thunbergii)
- c Add su zi (fructus perillae) and bai qian (radix et rhizoma cynanchi)
- d Add ban xia (rhizoma pinellia) and gua lou (fructus trichosanthis)

57. How is ju pi zhu ru tang (citrus phyllostachys decoction) modified for patients without deficient Qi?

- a Increase da zao (fructus zizyphi jujubae)
- b Decrease ren shen (radix ginseng)
- c Omit ren shen (radix ginseng)
- d Substitute ren shen (radix ginseng) with dang shen (radix conopositis)

58. How is huo xiang zheng qi san (agastache powder to rectify the qi) modified when there is severe wind-cold?

- a Add ma huang (herba ephedrae)
- b Increase dosage of zi su ye (folium prillae frutescentis)
- c Increase dosage of sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis recens)
- d Increase dosage of bai zhi (radix angelicae daburicae)

59. How is jin gui shen qi wan (golden cabinet kidney qi pill) modified for frequent, profuse, clear urination?

- a Add mu li (concha ostrae) and long gu (os draconis)

- b Add wu wei zi (fructus shisandrae chinensis) and hai pia xiao (os seipiae)
- c Add ren shen (radix ginseng) and huang qi (radix astragali)
- d Add bu gu zhi (fructus et semen psolarae corylifoliae) and lu rong (cornu cervi parvum)

60. Which herb would not be included in modifying wen dan tang (warm the gall bladder decoction) for insomnia?

- a Add mu li (concha ostreae)
- b Add dai zhe shi (haematitum)
- c Add hu po (succinum)
- d Add suan zao ren (semen zizyphi spinosae)

61. How is huang lian jie du tang (coptis decoction to relieve toxicity) modified when there is constipation?

- a Add yu li ren (semen pruni)
- b Add fan xie ye (folium sennae)
- c Add lu hui (herba aloes)
- d Add da huang (radix et rhizoma rhei)

62. How is yue ju wan (escape restraint pill) modified if Stagnant Blood predominates?

- a Add dang gui (radix angelicae) and e jiao (gelatinum)
- b Add gou qi zi (fructus lycii) and hong hua (flos carthami)
- c Add tao ren (semen persica) and hong hua (flos carthami tinctorii)
- d Omit shen qu (massa fermentata) and add chi shao (radix paeonia)

63. How is si ni san (frigid extremities powder) modified for urinary problems?

- a Add fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
- b Add bian xu (herba polgoni)
- c Add bie xie (dioscorea)
- d Add di fu zi (fructus kochia)

64. How is wen jing tang (warm the menses decoction) modified for severe qi stagnation?

- a Add xie bai (bulbus lillii) and da fu pi (pericarpium arecae)
- b Add xiang fu (rhizoma cyperi rotundi) and wu yao (radix linderiae)
- c Omit ren shen (radix ginseng) and add xiang fu (rhizoma cyperi rotundi)
- d Add chai hu (radix bupleuri) and increase chuan xiong (radix ligustici chuanxiong)

65. How is gui zhi tang (cinnamon twig decoction) modified when there is strong nasal congestion and sneezing?

- a Add ma huang (herba ephedrae) and xi xin (herba cum radice asari)
- b Add xiang fu (rhizoma cyperi rotundi) and zi su ye (folium perillae)
- c Add ge gen (radix peurariae) and bo he (herba menthae)
- d Add fang feng (radix ledebouriellae divaricatae) and xin yi hua (flos magnoliae)

66. Which herb would not be included in modifying zhu ling tang (polyporus decoction) for bloody and painful urination?

- a Increase dosage of fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
- b Add qu mai (herba dianthi)
- c Add bai mao gen (rhizoma imperatea cylindrica)
- d Add xiao ji (herba cephaloplos)

67. How is wu pi san (five-peel powder) modified when there is edema due to pregnancy?

- a Add hua shi (talcum)
- b Increase dosage of fu ling pi (cortex sclerotium poriae)
- c Add yu mi xu (stylus zae mays)
- d Increase dosage of da fu pi (pericarpium arecae)

68. Which of the following would you consider adding to er chen tang (two aged decoction) for damp-heat in the

middle burner?

- a huang qin (radix scutellariae)
- b huang bai (cortex phellodendri)
- c xing ren (semen pruni)
- d huang lian (rhizoma coptidis)

69. How is bai hu tang (white tiger decoction) modified when there is Stomach Qi deficiency?

- a Add huang qi (radix astragalus)
- b Substitute shan yao (radix dioscorea oppositae) for geng mi (nonglutinous rice)
- c Add ren shen (radix ginseng)
- d Add bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)

70. Which modification would not be included in modifying yue ju wan (escape restraint pill) when Liver Fire predominates?

- a Add di gu pi (cortex lycium)
- b Add bai shao (radix paeoniae lactiflorae)
- c Add mu dan pi (cortex moutan radices)
- d Omit kang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)

71. How is er chen tang (two aged decoction) modified for vomiting due to cold in the Stomach?

- a Add gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis) and sha ren (fructus amomi)
- b Add bai zi ren (semen botaie orientalis) and hu po (succinum)
- c Add ren shen (radix ginseng) and bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)
- d Add wu zhu yu (fructus evodiae) and sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis recens)

72. How is si wu tang (four substances decoction) modified for stagnant blood?

- a Add tao ren (semen persica)
- b Substitute sheng di huang (radix rehmanniae glutinosae) for shu di huang
- c Add dan shen (radix salviae)
- d Substitute chi shao (radix paeoniae rubrae) for bai shao (radix paeoniae lactiflorae)

73. Which of the following is not a modification for xue fu zhu yu tang (blood mansion eliminate stasis decoction) for angina pectoris due to coronary artery disease?

- a Omit jie geng (radix platycodie grandiflori)
- b Add chuan xiong (radix ligustici chuanxiong)
- c Add dan shen (radix salviae miltiorhizae)
- d Increase hong hua (flos carthami tinctorii)

74. Which of the following is not a modification for ma huang tang (ephedrae decoction) for a sore throat?

- a Add tian hua fen (trichosantis kirilowii)
- b Add xin yi hua (flos magnoliae)
- c Add she gan (rhizoma belamcadae chinensis)
- d Reduce gui zhi (ramulus cinnamomi cassiae) by half

75. Which of the following herbs would not be added to jin gui shen qi wan (golden cabinet kidney qi pill) for impotence?

- a Add ba ji tian (radix morindae officinalis)
- b Add gou qi zi (fructus lycii)
- c Add ren shen (radix ginseng)
- d Add rou cong rong (herb cistanches deserticolae)

76. How is er chen tang (two aged decoction) modified for profuse sputum due to external wind-cold affecting the Lungs?

- a Add ge gen (radix puerariae) and chai hu (radix bupleuri)
- b Add gui zhi (rammulus cinnamoni) and sang ye (folium mori)
- c Add sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis recens) and wu wei zi
- d Add ma huang (herba ephedrae) and xing ren

77. How is sang ju yin (mulberry leaf and chrysanthemum) modified when there is thick yellow phlegm that is difficult to cough up?

- a Add xuan fu hua (flos inulae) and da huang (radix et rhizoma rhei)
- b Add tian hua fen (radix trichothansis) and chuan bei mu
- c Add xing ren (semen pruni armeniacaee) and increase jie geng
- d Add gua lou pi (pericarpium trichosanthis) and zhe bei mu (bulbus fritillariae thunbergii)

78. How is ping wei san (calm the stomach powder) modified when there is generalized cold and pain due to severe damp-cold?

- a Add wu zhu yu (fructus evodiae) and gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis)
- b Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi cassiae) and gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis)
- c Add fu zi (radix lateralis aconiti carmichaeli praeparata) and rou gui (cortex cinnamomi cassiae)
- d Add du huo (radix angelicae pubescentis) and qiang huo (rhizoma et radix notopterygii)

79. Which herb would not be included in modifying huang lian jie du tang (coptis decoction to relieve toxicity) for damp-heat in the lower burner with urinary symptoms?

- a Add mu tong (caulis mutong)
- b Add ze xie (rhizoma alismatis orientalis)
- c Add fu ling pi (cortex poria)
- d Add che qian zi (semen plantaginis)

80. How is yue ju wan (escape restraint pill) modified if Stagnant Food predominates?

- a Add shan zha (fructus crataegi) and mai ya (fructus hordei vulgari germinantus)
- b Add ze xie (rhizoma alismatis) and yi yi ren (coix lachryma)
- c Add hou po (cortex mangoliae) and fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
- d Add ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and tian nan xing (rhizoma arisaematis)

81. Which herb would not be included in modifying si ni tang (frigid extremities decoction) for edema and leukorrhea caused from deficient-cold of Spleen and Kidneys?

- a Add fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos)
- b Add ze xie (rhizoma alismatis orientalis)
- b Add shan yao (radix dioscorea)
- c Add dang shen (radix codonopsis pilosulae)

82. Which of the following would you consider adding to er chen tang (two aged decoction) for damp-heat in the lower burner?

- a yi yi ren (semen coicis lachryma-jobi)
- b huang lian (rhizoma coptidis)
- c huang qin (radix scutellariae)
- d huang bai (cortex phellodendri)

83. How is gui zhi tang (cinnamon twig decoction) modified when there is joint pain and fatigue due to dampness?

- a Add qiang huo (radix et rhizoma notopterygii) and fang feng (radix ledebouriellae divaricatae)
- b Add xuan fu hua (flos inulae) and hou po (cortex magnolia)
- c Add qiang huo (radix et rhizoma notopterygii) and du huo (radix angelicae pubescentis)
- d Add chi shao (radix paeoniae rubrae) and dan shen (salviae miltiorrhizae)

84. Which herb would not be included in modifying ping wei san (calm the stomach powder) for distention and constipation due to food stagnation?

- a Add da fu pi (pericarpium arecae catechu)
- b Add zhi ke (citri seu ponciri)
- c Add yu li ren (semen pruni)
- d Add lai fu zi (semen raphani sativi)

85. How is bu zhong yi qi tang (tonify the middle and increase the qi decoction) modified for severe pain?

- a Add e zhu (rhizoma curcuma)
- b Add chi shao (radix rubra paeoniae)
- c Add xi xin (herb cum radice asari)
- d Add tao ren (semen persica)

86. Which herb would not be included in modifying xiao chai hu tang (minor bupleurum decoction) for fever, coughing yellow phlegm, and chest pain?

- a Add chuan bei mu (bulbus fritillariae cirrhosae)
- b Add gua lou (fructus trichosanthis)
- c Add jie geng (radix platycodi grandiflori)
- d Omit ren shen (radix ginseng)

87. Which herb would not be included in modifying si jun zi tang (four gentlemen decoction) for uterine fibroids?

- a Add e zhu (rhizoma curcumae ezhu)
- b Add cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)
- c Add san leng (rhizoma sparganii stoloniferi)
- d Add niu xi (radix achyranthis bidentatae)

88. How is ban xia hou po tang (pinellia and magnolia decoction) modified for chest pain?

- a Add yu jin (tuber curcumae) and sha ren (fructus amomi)
- b Add xie bai (bulbus allii) and gua lou (fructus trichosanthis)
- c Add tian hua fen (radix trichosanthis) and chuan bei mu (bulbus fritillaria)
- d Add sha ren (fructus amomi) and mu xiang (radix aucklandiae)

89. How is bu zhong yi qi tang (tonify the middle and increase the qi decoction) modified for pronounced aversion to cold?

- a Add sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis)
- b Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi cassiae)
- c Add fu zi (radix aconiti)
- d Add ma huang (herba ephedrae)

90. How is si ni tang (frigid extremities decoction) modified for intractable arthritis caused by wind-damp?

- a Add du huo (radix angelicae pubescentis) and xi xin (herba cum radice asari)
- b Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi cassiae) and bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)
- c Add dang shen (radix codonopsis pilosulae) and gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis)
- d Add niu xi (radix achyranthis bidentatae) and hua shi (talcum)

91. How is xue fu zhu yu tang (blood mansion eliminate stasis decoction) modified for fixed subcostal and abdominal masses?

- a Add yu jin (tuber curcumae) and dan shen (radix salviae miltiorrhizae)
- b Add e zhu (rhizoma curcuma) and san qi (radix notoginseng)
- c Add bai shao (radix paeoniae) and zhi shi (fructus immaturus citri)
- d Increase tao ren (semen persicae) and chuan xiong (radix ligustici chuan xiong)

92. Which of the following modifications would you not do to xue fu zhu yu tang (blood mansion eliminate stasis decoction) in order to treat amenorrhea?

- a Add yi mu cao (herba leonuri heterophylli)

- b Add xiang fu (rhizoma cyperi rotundi)
- c Omit jie geng (radix platycodie grandiflori)
- d Omit zhi ke (fructus citri seu ponciri)

93. Which of the following would you consider adding to er chen tang (two aged decoction) for damp-heat in the upper burner?

- a huang qin (radix scutellariae)
- b huang bai (cortex phellodendri)
- c hua shi (talcum)
- d huang lian (rhizoma coptidis)

94. How is bu zhong yi qi tang (tonify the middle and increase the qi decoction) modified for leukorrhea?

- a Add cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis) and huang bai (cortex phellodendri)
- b Add bai ji li (fructus tribulus) and di long (lumbricus)
- c Add chuan bei mu (bulbus fritillariae) and gua lou (fructus trichosanthis)
- d Add wu wei zi (fructus schisandrae chinensis) and shan zhu yu (fructus corni officinalis)

95. How is sang ju yin (mulberry leaf and chrysanthemum) modified when there is sore throat?

- a Add ma bo (fructificatio lasiosphaerae seu calvatiae) and niu bang zi (fructus arctii lappae)
- b Add niu bang zi (fructus arctii lappae) and huang qin (radix scutellariae)
- c Add she gan (rhizoma bellamcadae) and huang qin (radix scutellariae)
- d Add ju hua (flos chrysanthemi) and ge gen (radix puerariae)

96. How is xiao chai hu tang (minor bupleurum decoction) modified for scanty, dark, and painful urination?

- a Add qu mai (herba dianthi) and ban lan gen (radix isatidis)
- b Add hua shi (talcum) and jin yin hua (flos lonicera japonica)
- c Add hua shi (talcum) and qu mai (herba dianthi)
- d Add jin qian cao (herba lysimachiae) and bai hua she she cao (herba hedyotidis diffusae)

97. How is ping wei san (calm the stomach powder) modified when there is bitter taste, dry throat, no thirst, and yellow greasy tongue coating due to damp-heat?

- a Remove sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis recens)
- b Increase dosage of cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis lanceae)
- c Add huang qin (radix scutellariae) and huang lian (rhizoma coptidis)
- d Add huang bai (cortex phellodendrum)

98. How is gui zhi tang (cinnamon twig decoction) modified when there is a severe headache?

- a Add gou teng (ramulus cum uncis uncariae) and ju hua (flos chrysanthemi)
- b Add fang feng (radix ledebouriellae) and jing jie (herba seu flos schizonepetae)
- c Substitute chi shao for bai shao and add gao ben
- d Increase chi shao (radix paeoniae rubrae) and add chai hu (radix bupleuri)

99. How is yue ju wan (escape restraint pill) modified if Phlegm predominates?

- a Increase cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis) and add chuan bei mu (bulbul fritillariae)
- b Add ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and tian nan xing (rhizoma arisaematis)
- c Add gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis) and jie geng (radix platycodi grandiflori)
- d Add kuan dong hua (flos tussilaginsi farfarae) and wu wei zi (fructus schisandrae)

100. How is bu zhong yi qi tang (tonify the middle and increase the qi decoction) modified for chronic rhinitis?

- a Add cang er zi (fructus xanthii sibirici) and xin yi hua (flos magnoliae)
- b Add sang ye (folium mori albae) and chan tui (peirotracum cicadae)
- c Add ju hua (flos chrysanthemi) and jin yin hua (flos lonicera japonicae)
- d Add ma huang (herba ephedrae) and jing jie (herba schizonepeta)

101. How is bu zhong yi qi tang (tonify the middle and increase the qi decoction) modified for vertigo and headache?

- a Add mu li (concha ostrae) and long gu (os draconis)
- b Add chuan xiong (radix ligustici chuanxiong) and ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae)
- c Add ju hua (flos chrysanthemi) and tu si zi (semen cuscuteae)
- d Add chuan bei mu (bulbus fritillariae) and gua lou (fructus trichosanthis)

102. How is qing hao bie jia tang (artemesia annua and soft-shelled turtle shell decoction) modified when there is heat in the five centers, yellow urine, and red tongue with yellow coating?

- a Add fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos)
- b Add zhi bei mu (bulbus t fritillaria)
- c Add bai mao gen (rhizoma imperatea cylindrica)
- d Add tian hua fen (radix trichosanthis)

103. How is yue ju wan (escape restraint pill) modified if Dampness predominates?

- a Add sang zhi (ramulus mori albae) and du huo (radix angelicae pubescentis)
- b Add hou po (cortex mangoliae) and fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
- c Increase kang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis) and sha ren (fructus amomi)
- d Add long dan cao (radix gentianae long dan cao) and yin chen hao (herba artemesiae)

104. Which of the following is not a modification for xiao chai hu tang (minor bupleurum decoction) for vertigo?

- a Add gou teng (ramulus cum uncis uncariae)
- b Add ju hua (flos chrysanthemi morifolii)
- c Add jue ming zi (semen cassiae)
- d Add lu gen (rhizoma phragmiti)

105. How is ju pi zhu ru tang (citrus phyllostachys decoction) modified for concurrent phlegm?

- a Add shan zha (fructus crataegi) and mai ya (fructus hordei vulgari germinantus)
- b Add hou po (cortex mangoliae) and fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
- c Add chuan bei mu (bulbus fritillariae) and dang shen (radix conopositis)
- d Add ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and fu ling (sclerotium poriae)

106. How is tao he cheng qi tang (prunus order the qi decoction) modified for irregular menstruation?

- a Increase tao ren (semen persicae) and add chi shao (radix paeoniae)
- b Add dang gui (radix angelicae) and hong hua (flos carthami)
- c Add dan shen (radix miltiorrhiz salviae) and chi shao (radix paeoniae)
- d Add yu jin (tuber curcuma) and e zhu (rhizoma curcuma)

107. How is wu pi san (five-peel powder) modified when there is internal damp-cold?

- a Add gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis) and fu zi (radix lateralis aconiti carmichaeli praeparata)
- b Add bi ba (fructus piperi longi) and rou gui (cortex cinnamomi cassiae)
- c Add rou gui (cortex cinnamomi cassiae) and gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis)
- d Add wu zhu yu (fructus evodiae) and increase sheng jiang pi (cortex zingiberis officinalis recens)

108. How is tao he cheng qi tang (prunus order the qi decoction) modified for severe obstruction from blood stasis due to traumatic injury?

- a Increase tao ren (semen persicae) and gui zhi (ramuls cinnamomi cassiae)
- b Add chi shao (radix paeoniae) and san qi (radix notoginseng)
- c Add dan shen (radix miltiorrhiz salviae) and yu jin (tuber curcuma)
- d Add dang gui (radix angelicae) and hong hua (flos carthami)

109. How is xiao chai hu tang (minor bupleurum decoction) modified for abdominal pain?

- a Omit huang qin (radix scutellariae) and add bai shao (radix paeoniae)
- b Omit ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and add tian hua fen (radix trichosanthis)

- c Add shi gao (gypsum)
- d Add shan yao (radix dioscorea)

110. How is sheng mai san (generate the pulse powder) modified for severe coughing?

- a Add bai bu (radix stemonae) and su zi (fructus perilla)
- b Add xing ren (semen armenicae) and lai fu zi (semen raphani sativi)
- c Add huang lian (rhizoma coptidis) and huang qin (radix scutellariae)
- d Add kuan dong hua (flos tussilaginis farfarae) and bai he (bulbus lili)

111. How is sheng mai san (generate the pulse powder) modified for profuse sweating with dark, scanty, and difficult urination?

- a Add e zhu (rhizoma curcuma) and tao ren (semen persica)
- b Add fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos) and hua shi (talcum)
- c Add huang qi (radix astragali) and dang gui (radix angelicae)
- d Add yi yi ren (semen coicis) and mu tong (caulis mutong)

112. How is long dan xie gan tang (gentiana longdancao decoction to drain the Liver) modified when there is coughing of blood due to wood attacking metal?

- a Add dan pi (cortex moutan radice) and ce bai ye (cacumen biotae orientalis)
- b Add san qi (radix notoginseng) and ai ye (folium artemisiae)
- c Add sha shen (radix seu glehniae) and chuan bei mu (bulbus fritillariae)
- d Add shi wei (folium pyrrosiae) and pu huang (pollen typhae)

113. How is xiao yao san (easy wanderer powder) modified for vaginal discharge?

- a Add jin yin hua (flos lonicerae) and guan zhong (rhizoma guanzhong)
- b Add lian qiao (fructus forsythia) and ban lan gen (radix isatidis)
- c Add zhu sha (cinnabaris) and bai bian dou (semen dolichoris)
- d Add lian qiao (fructus forsythia) and jin yin hua (flos lonicerae)

114. How is long dan xie gan tang (gentiana longdancao decoction to drain the Liver) modified when there is severe headache, and painful red eyes?

- a Add yin chen hao (herba artemisiae yinchenhao) and sang ye (folium mori albae)
- b Add gou teng (ramulus cum uncis uncaria) and ju hua (flos chrysanthemi morifolii)
- c Add ju hua (flos chrysanthemi morifolii) and sang ye (folium mori albae)
- d Add ge gen (radix puerariae) and chai hu (radix bupleurum)

115. How is gui zhi tang (cinnamon twig decoction) modified when there is shortness of breath and rough breathing?

- a Increase da zao (fructus zizyphi jujubae) and gui zhi (ramulus cinnamomi cassiae)
- b Add ren shen (radix ginseng) and ge jie (gecko)
- c Increase sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis recens) and add ma huang (herba ephedrae)
- d Add hou po (cortex magnoliae officinalis) and xing ren (semen pruni armeniacae)

116. How is ban xia xie xin tang (pinellia drain the epigastrium decoction) modified for damp-heat in the middle burner with distention?

- a Add zhi shi (fructus immaturus citri) and sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis recens)
- b Add bai wei (radix cynanchi) and zhi zi (fructus gardenia)
- c Omit huang qin and huang lian and add long dan cao and mu dan pi
- d Omit ren shen, gan jiang, da zao and zhi gan cao and add zhi shi and sheng jiang

117. Which herb would not be included in modifying zhen wu tang (true warrior decoction) when there is coughing?

- a Add ma huang (herba ephedrae)
- b Add gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis)
- c Add wu wei zi (fructus schisandrae chinensis)

d Add xi xin (herba cum radice asari)

118. How is xiao chai hu tang (minor bupleurum decoction) modified for pronounced thirst?

- a Add huang lian (rhizoma coptidis) and huang qin (radix scutellariae)
- b Add huang bai (cortex phellodendrum)
- c Omit ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and add tian hua fen (radix trichosanthis)
- d Omit ren shen (radix ginseng) and add chuan bei mu (bulbus fritillaria)

119. How is ma huang tang (ephedrae decoction) modified when there is exterior cold and interior heat?

- a Add she gan (rhizoma belamcadae chinensis)
- b Increase ma huang (herba ephedrae)
- c Add shi gao (gypsum)
- d Remove gui zhi (ramulus cinnamomi cassiae)

120. How is zhu ling tang (polyporus decoction) modified when there is hot and painful urination?

- a Add zhi zi (fructus gardeniae) and bian xu (herba polygoni avicularis)
- b Add qu mai (herba dianthi) and zhi zi (fructus gardeniae)
- c Increase fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos) and ze xie (rhizoma alismatis orientalis)
- d Increase fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos) and add bian xu (herba polygoni avicularis)

121. Which herb would not be included in modifying yue ju wan (escape restraint pill) for stagnant Qi predominates?

- a Add wu yao (radix linderiae)
- b Add yu jin (tuber curcumae)
- c Add mu xiang (radix aucklandiae lappae)
- d Add e zhu (rhizoma curcuma)

122. How is huang lian jie du tang (coptis decoction to relieve toxicity) modified when there is jaundice due to obstruction of heat?

- a Add long dan cao (radix gentianae) and mu tong (caulis mutong)
- b Add hu zhang (radix et rhizoma polygoni) and yin chen hao (herba artemisiae yinchen hao)
- c Add yin chen (herba artemisiae yinchenhao) and da huang (radix et rhizoma rhei)
- d Add da huang (radix et rhizoma rhei) and increase zhi zi (fructus gardeniae)

123. How is long dan xie gan tang (gentiana longdancao decoction to drain the Liver) modified when there is pale-red leukorrhea and wiry, fast pulse?

- a Add chi shao (radix paeoniae rubrae) and lian xu (nelumbinis nuciferae)
- b Add shan yao (radix dioscoreae) and bian dou (semen dolichoris lablab)
- c Add chuan xiong (radix ligustici) and tao ren (semen pesica)
- d Add huang bai (cortex phellodendri) and che qian zi (semen plantaginis)

124. How is zhen wu tang (true warrior decoction) modified when there is severe deficient Spleen Yang with diarrhea?

- a Remove bai shao (radix paeoniae lactiflorae) and add gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis)
- b Add chen pi (pericarpium citri reticulatae) and qing pi (pericarpium citri viride)
- c Remove fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos) and bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis macrocephalae)
- d Add ren shen (radix ginseng) and shan yao (radix dioscorea oppositae)

125. How is si jun zi tang (four gentlemen decoction) modified for indigestion, poor appetite, abdominal distention, and weight loss?

- a Add chen pi (pericarpium citri) and cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)
- b Add hou po (cortex magnoliae officinalis) and da huang (radix et rhizoma rhei)
- c Add xiang fu (rhizoma cyperi rotundi) and hou po (cortex magnoliae officinalis)
- d Add ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and increase bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)

126. How is huo xiang zheng qi san (agastache powder to rectify the qi) modified when there is a very greasy and

thick tongue coating due to severe dampness?

- a Add ban xia (rhizoma pinellia)
- b Add qu mai (herba dianthi)
- c Increase dosage of fu ling (sclerotium poriae) and bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis macrocephalae)
- d Substitute cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis) for bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis macrocephalae)

127. Which herb would not be included in modifying wu ling san (five-ingredient powder with poria) for severe edema?

- a Add sang bai pi (cortex mori albae)
- b Add da fu pi (pericarpium arecae catechu)
- c Add chen pi (pericarpium citri reticulatae)
- d Add fu shen (cortex cocos poria)

128. How is zhu ling tang (polyporus decoction) modified when there is severe thirst due to deficient Yin?

- a Add du zhong (cortex eucommiae) and sang ji sheng (ramulus loranthus)
- b Add bai mao gen (rhizoma imperatae cylindrica) and lu gen (rhizoma phragmitis)
- c Add sha shen (radix adenophorae seu glehniae) and tian hua fen (radix trichosanthis kirilowii)
- d Add mai men dong (tuber ophiopogonis japonici) and tian hua fen (radix trichosanthis)

129. How is ma xing shi gan tang (ephedra, apricot kernel, gypsum, and licorice decoction) modified when there is wheezing, coughing and copious phlegm?

- a Add da zao (fructus zizyphi jujubae) and ting ling zi (semen seu lepidii)
- b Add su zi (fructus perillae frutescentis) and ting li zi (semen descurainiae seu lepidii)
- c Add ge jie (gecko) and hu tao ren (semen juglandis regia)
- d Add sang ye (folium mori) and bai guo (semen biloba ginkgo)

130. How is wu ling san (five-ingredient powder with poria) modified when there is damp-heat diarrhea? (choose two)

- a Remove bai zhu (rhizoma atracylodis) and gui zhi (ramulu cinnamomi)
- b Remove fu ling (sclerotium poriae)
- c Add lian qiao (fructus forsythia) and yi yi ren (herba artemisia)
- d Add yin chen hao (herba artemisiae yinchenhao) and jin yin hua (flos lonicerae japonicae)

131. What would not be added to bai hu tang (white tiger decoction) when there is exterior wind-cold?

- a Add xi xin (herba cum radice asari)
- b Add gui zhi (ramulus cinnamomi)
- c Add cong bai (bulbus allii fistulosi)
- d Add dan dou chi (semen sojae praeparata)

132. How is si wu tang (four substances decoction) modified for signs of heat?

- a Add ye ju hua (flos chrysanthemi)
- b Add she gan (rhizoma belamcanda)
- c Substitute sheng di huang (radix rehmanniae glutinosae) for shu di huang
- d Substitute chi shao (radix paeoniae rubrae) for bai shao (radix paeoniae lactiflorae)

133. How is zhen wu tang (true warrior decoction) modified when there is frequent urination?

- a Remove fu ling (sclerotium poriae cocos)
- b Remove bai zhu (rhizoma atractylodis macrocephalae)
- c Add wu wei zi (fructus schisandrae chinensis)
- d Remove fu zi (radix aconiti)

134. Which herb would not be included in modifying sheng mai san (generate the pulse powder) for significant palpitations?

- a Add gui zhi (ramulus cinnamomi)
- b Add long gu (os draconis)

- c Add mu li (concha ostreae)
- d Add zhu sha (cinnabaris)

135. How is si jun zi tang (four gentlemen decoction) modified for morning sickness?

- a Add sha ren (fructus amomi) and chen pi (pericarpium citri reticulatae)
- b Add sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis) and gan jiang (rhizoma zingiberis recens)
- c Add hou po (cortex magnoliae officinalis) and cang zhu (rhizoma atractylodis)
- d Add ban xia (rhizoma pinelliae) and huo xiang (herba agastaches seu pogostemi)

136. How is bai hu tang (white tiger decoction) modified when there is red, swollen eyes and painful headaches?

- a Add huang lian (rhizoma coptidis chinensis) and huang qin (radix scutellariae baicalensis)
- b Add huang bai (cortex phellodendrum) and huang lian (rhizoma coptidis chinensis)
- c Add bo he (herba menthae) and xia ku cao (spica prunellae vulgaris)
- d Add huang lian (rhizoma coptidis chinensis) and bo he (herba menthae)

137. What would not be combined with wu pi san (five-peel powder) for damp-heat in the lower burner with edema below the waist?

- a Add qu mai (herba dianthi)
- b Add yi yi ren (semen coicis)
- c Add che qian zi (semen plantaginis)
- d Add hua shi (talcum)

138. How is qing hao bie jia tang (artemesia annua and soft-shelled turtle shell decoction) modified when there is fever of unknown origin due to deficient yin?

- a Add mu dan pi (cortex moutan) and sheng di huang (radix rehmannia)
- b Add di gu pi (cortex lycii radices) and bai wei (radix cynanchi baiwei)
- c Add bie jia (carapax amydae sinensis) and di gu pi (cortex lycii radices)
- d Add mai men dong (tuber ophiopogonis japonici) and sheng di huang (radix rehmannia)

139. How is jin gui shen qi wan (golden cabinet kidney qi pill) modified for painful urination due to cold in the lower burner?

- a Add lu rong (cornu cervi parvum) and chen xiang (lignum aquilariae)
- b Increase fu zi (radix aconiti)
- c Add sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis officinalis recens)
- d Increase gui zhi (ramulus cinnamomi)

140. How is wu ling san (five-ingredient powder with poria) modified when there is thirst and urinary difficulties due to cold-damp obstruction?

- a Add sheng jiang (rhizoma zingiberis)
- b Add fang feng (radix ledebouriellae)
- c Add qiang huo (rhizoma et radix notopterygii)
- d Add bai zhi (radix angelica dahurica)

141. How is bai hu tang modified for pain or swelling of gums, HA, nosebleed, dry mouth, thirst, constipation d/t L heat and S fire

- a increase shi gao**
- b add da huang**
- c increase shi gao and add da huang**
- d add da huang & xuan shen**

142. How is bai hu tang modified for wasting & thirsting, heat severely injuring fluids, insatiable hunger?

- a tian hua fen, mai men dong**
- b tian hua fen, lu gen**
- c tian hua fen, lu gen, mai men dong**

d tian hua fen, lu gen, xuan shen

143. What formula would you add to bai hu tang if there was subcutaneous blotches warm febrile, & heat toxin?

- a huang lian jie du tang
- b xiao yao san
- c long dan xie gan tang
- d yin qiao san

144. How would you modify ba zheng san for bloody painful urinary dysfunction?

- a Add jin qiao cao, hai jin sha, bai mao gen
- b Add dan zhu ye, xiao ji, sheng di
- c Add bi xie, chang pu
- d Increase bian xu, add bai mao gen, xiao ji

145. How would you modify ba zheng san for stomatitis?

- a dan zhe ye, sheng di
- b sheng di, dan dou chi
- c dan dou chi, dan zhe ye
- d sheng di, bai zhu

146. What would you add to er chen tang if there was chronic phlegm in channels & flesh leading to rubbery nodules?

- a hai zao, kun bu, mo yao
- b hai zao, kun bu, mu li, xuan shen
- c hai zao kun bu, mu li, xia ku cao
- d hai zao kun bu, mu li, xuan shen, xia ku cao

147. What would you add to er chen tang if there was severe coughing at night due to combination of phlegm & blood deficiency?

- a dang gui
- b su wu tang
- c gou qi zi
- d e jiao

148. How is wen jing tang modified for chronic endometritis?

- a san qi, e zhu
- b ru xiang, mo yao
- c ru xiang, san qi
- d san qi, mo yao

Answers:

1b	26 d	51 d	76 d	101 b	126 d
2 a	27 a	52 a	77 d	102 c	127 d
3 c	28 d	53 d	78 b	103 b	128 c
4 c	29 d	54 e	79 c	104 d	129 b
5 b	30 d	55 c	80 a	105 d	130 a & d
6 d	31 a	56 b	81 c	106 b	131 b
7 b	32 b	57 c	82 d	107 a	132 c
8 a	33 c	58 b	83 a	108 b	133 a
9 d	34 c	59 d	84 c	109 a	134 d
10 d	35 d	60 b	85 c	110 d	135 a
11 a	36 b	61 d	86 d	111 c	136 a
12 c	37 d	62 c	87 b	112 a	137 a
13 c	38 a	63 a	88 b	113 a	138 b
14 a	39 a	64 b	89 b	114 c	139 a
15 c	40 c	65 d	90 b	115 d	140 c
16 a	41 b	66 a	91 a	116 d	141 b
17 a	42 b	67 c	92 d	117 a	142 c
18 d	43 b	68 d	93 a	118 c	143 a
19 d	44 c	69 b	94 a	119 c	144 d
20 c	45 a	70 a	95 a	120 a	145 a
21 c	46 a	71 a	96 d	121 d	146 b
22 c	47 c	72 d	97 c	122 c	147 a
23 a	48 d	73 a	98 c	123 a	148 c
24 c	49 b	74 b	99 b	124 a	
25 a	50 a	75 c	100 a	125 c	